ECONOMIC APPLICATIONS

(Two Hours)

Answers to this Paper must be written on the paper provided separately. You will not be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes.

This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.

The time given at the head of this Paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.

Attempt all questions from Part I and any four questions from Part II.

The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [].

PART I (40 Marks)

T12 9	This Paper consists of 4 printed pages.	
(a)	Capital is the result of past labour. Briefly explain.	[2]
Ques	stion 3	
(e)	Define a Degressive tax.	[2]
	groups.	[2]
(d)	What is meant by Running inflation? State its impact on fixed income	
	commodity.	[2]
(c)	Mention the impact of advanced technology on the supply of a	
(b)	Explain one exception to the Law of demand.	[2]
(a)	Distinguish between Fixed and Circulating Capital.	[2]
Que	stion 2	
(e)	Statutory Liquidity Ratio.	[2]
(d)	Product Differentiation.	[2]
(c)	Sunk Capital.	[2]
(b)	Fiscal Policy.	[2]
(a)	Ceteris paribus assumption of the Law of demand.	[2]
Exp	lain in brief the following terms:	
Que	estion 1	
	Attempt all questions from this Part	

			[2]		
(b)	Define Monopsony.	Briefly explain.	[2]		
(c)	Producers in a Monopoly mark	ket are price makers. Briefly explain.			
(d)	What is bank rate? How is	it altered to correct a depression in	[2]		
	economy?	A MARIET OF MATERIAL STREET, STREET	5.00		
(e)	With the help of a formula	calculate the elasticity of supply from	the		
(*****	following table:				
	Price (Rs.)	Quantity supplied (units)			
	10	200			
	15	223	[2]		
Ques	tion 4				
Citin	g reasons state the advantage of		[2]		
(a)	a progressive tax over propor		[2]		
(b)	monopolistic competition ov		[2]		
	private sector over public sec		[2]		
(c)	a direct tax over an indirect t		[2]		
(d)	a credit card over currency n		[2]		
(e)	a credit card over currency	T 0000 70			
	n	ART II (60 Marks)			
	Attempt any	four questions from this Part			
Que	estion 5	Lab Marizontal and the Ve	rtical		
(a)	Explain with the help of	an example the Horizontal and the Ve	[7]		
	division of labour. Mentior	any three merits of division of labour.			
(b)	Define Composite demand	. Clearly explain any three determinar	[8]		
	demand in a market.		[o]		
Qu	estion 6		gainst		
(a)	What is meant by privatiza	ation? Explain in brief three arguments a	[7]		
	privatization of public sect	or units in India.	[8]		
(b)	Explain four characteristic	s of a perfectly competitive market.	[0]		
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Que	stion 7 mall of many appearance per to water how world navig legacity and to be	
(a)	Explain the terms Impact, Shifting and Incidence of a tax. Explain in brief	
	two merits of direct tax.	[7]
(b)	Define price elasticity of supply. With the help of suitable diagrams	
	explain the following degrees of elasticity.	
	(i) Perfectly elastic supply.	
	(ii) Perfectly inelastic supply.	[8]
Que	stion 8	
(a)	Define production. Explain three factors which determine land	
	productivity.	[7]
(b)	Explain an important characteristic of each of the following factors of production:	
	(i) Land	
	(ii) Labour	
	(iii) Capital	
	(iv) Entrepreneur.	[8]
Que	stion 9	
(a)	Name the bank which has sole authority to issue currency in India.	
97 F0	Mention three ways by which it differs from a commercial bank.	[7]
(b)	Define money. Explain how money performs the following functions:	
	(i) As a measure of value.	
	(ii) As a standard of deferred payment.	
	(iii) As a store of value.	[8]
Que	stion 10	
(a)	What is a public sector undertaking? Explain three problems faced by	
	public sector undertakings in India.	[7]

public sector undertakings in India.